

1. Which has the larger gathering power

Gathering power is proportional to the area of the primary mirror  
Diameter 2 meters has 4 times of a 1 meter telescope

2. Naked eye limit is about 6 on the apparent magnitude scale!

3. Changes of weight with changes in planet's mass and radius

As mass increases weight increases with the same ratio.

With increase of radius ( inverse square law)

4. Magnification of a telescope.

Magnification = telescope focal length / eyepiece focal length

5. Wavelength = speed of light / frequency

6. Resolving power : is measured in arc seconds. The formula is

Arc seconds (x) =  $11.6 / (d)$

7. How to calculate the period of a planet

$T_1^2 / a_1^3 = T_2^2 / a_2^3$